



HPV-FASTER
IMPLEMENT

Cancer burden

21.7 Cervical cancer age-standardized
incidence rate per 100,000 women (2022)

9.3 Cervical cancer age-standardized
mortality rate per 100,000 women (2022)

ROMANIA

Eligible population approached with combined
HPV-based screening and vaccination in the
HPV-FASTER-Implement project:

- Women living in prison

Institution leading implementation: Universitatea de Medicina si
Farmacie Iuliu Hațieganu (UMFIH) & Universitatea Babes Bolyai (UBB)

- The **National Commission for Cervical cancer prevention** under the Ministry of Health is responsible for cancer screening at the national level. At the regional level, cancer screening will be coordinated by 9 regional management units. As of November 2025, there is no funding for cervical cancer screening.
- The **Ministry of Health** is the coordinating body of vaccination at the national level, and at the regional level the Director of Public Health is the main responsible.

Suggested citation: HPV-FASTER-Implement. Romania factsheet. 2025.

Available at: <https://www.hpv-faster-implement.eu/research/publications/>

Sources: 1. Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, et al. Global Cancer Observatory:

Cancer Today (version 1.1). Lyon, France: IARC (2024);

2. Ministry of Health. Methodology of June 28, 2024 for cervical cancer screening (2024);



3. National immunization strategy in Romania for the period 2023–2030. (2025);

4. Romanian Society of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, Romanian College of Physicians. Cervical cancer (2024).



Acknowledgement: Funded by the European Union under Grant Agreement No 101155975. Views and opinions expressed are however those of the author(s) only and do not necessarily reflect those of the European Union or HaDEA. Neither the European Union nor the granting authority can be held responsible for them.

HPV vaccination

Target population	Target population
 (0-6 months)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 11-14-year-old girls and boys.
 (0, 1, 4-12 months)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Women and men aged 15-26.• Women aged 27-45.



- Administered at primary healthcare centres by family doctors.



- Free of charge up to age 26, females aged 27-45 have to pay 50%.

Cervical screening

Test (interval)	Target population
Cytology (3 years: two initial tests one year apart and then, if the results are normal, next cytology should be done at three years)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Women aged 21-65.
HPV-detection test (3 years)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Women aged 25-29.
HPV-detection test (5 years)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Women aged 30-65.
HPV-detection test (1 year)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Women living with HIV, kidney failure requiring dialysis; organ transplantation.



- At gynaecological clinics by gynaecologists.



- Insurance covers cervical cytology, but, as of November 2025, not yet HPV detection tests. A nationwide pilot is being planned in which women will be provided HPV test free of charge.